



THE FIRST ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON THE LAW OF DEMAND RESPONSE -

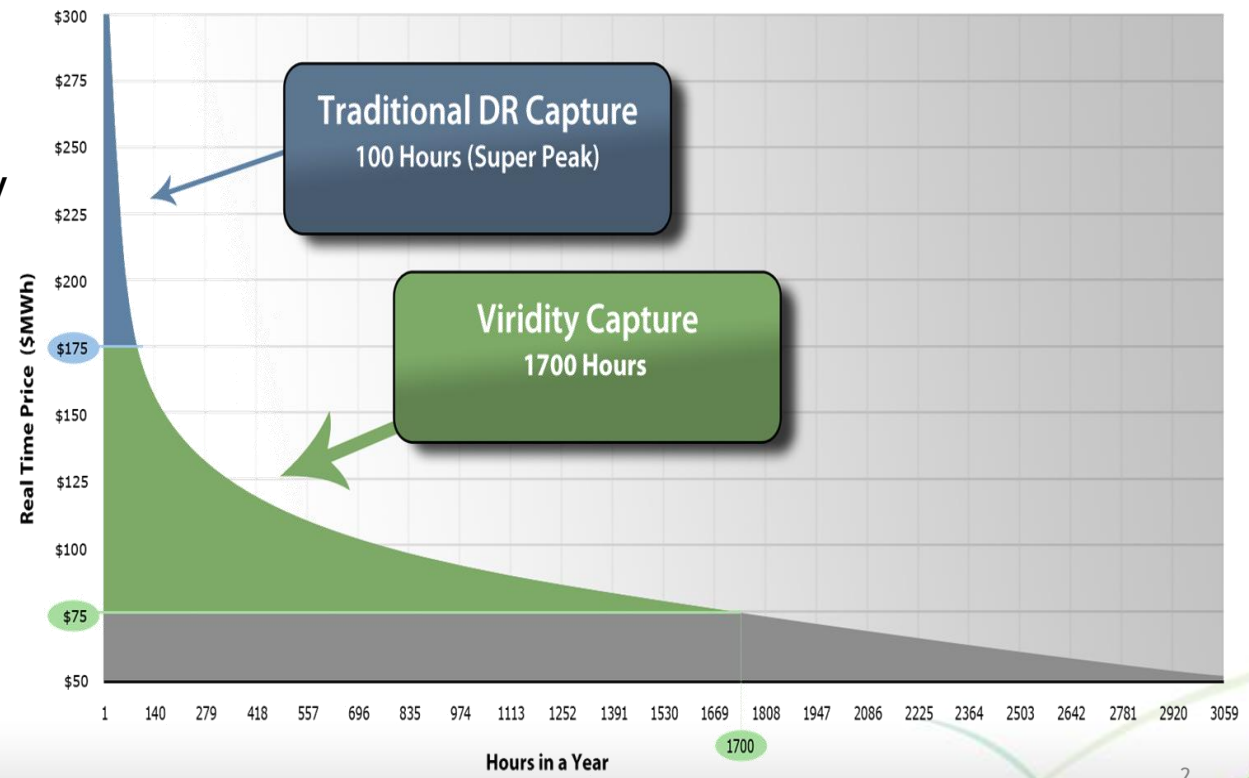
Model Contracts for Demand Response -- Can We Create Tradable DR Property Rights?

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Viridity Energy: Key Facts

- ✓ Helps clients to minimize electric power expenses by optimizing their energy usage and simultaneously to gain revenues from participation in wholesale power markets
- ✓ Focuses on large energy customers (public agencies, universities, hospitals, commercial buildings, transit agencies, water utilities, military).
- ✓ Based near Philadelphia
- ✓ Founded in 2008 by former PJM executives



Why is active load participation in the market so important?

- ✓ Grid Reliability and Security
- ✓ System Efficiency and Economics
- ✓ Markets for Efficiency and Distributed Resources

Why and How do We Create Tradeable Instruments for Controllable Customer Owned Resources



□ Why Should we Create DR Instruments?

- ✓ Market Growth and Liquidity
- ✓ Price Transparency
- ✓ Market Efficiency

□ How to Create DR Instruments

- ✓ Standard Deliver, Timing and Performance Terms
- ✓ Available as Tradable Products in Restructured Markets
- ✓ Can result in Cleared Exchange Traded Products

The Power Grid of the Future requires advanced tools to coordinate distributed and variable energy resources

Future Power Grid

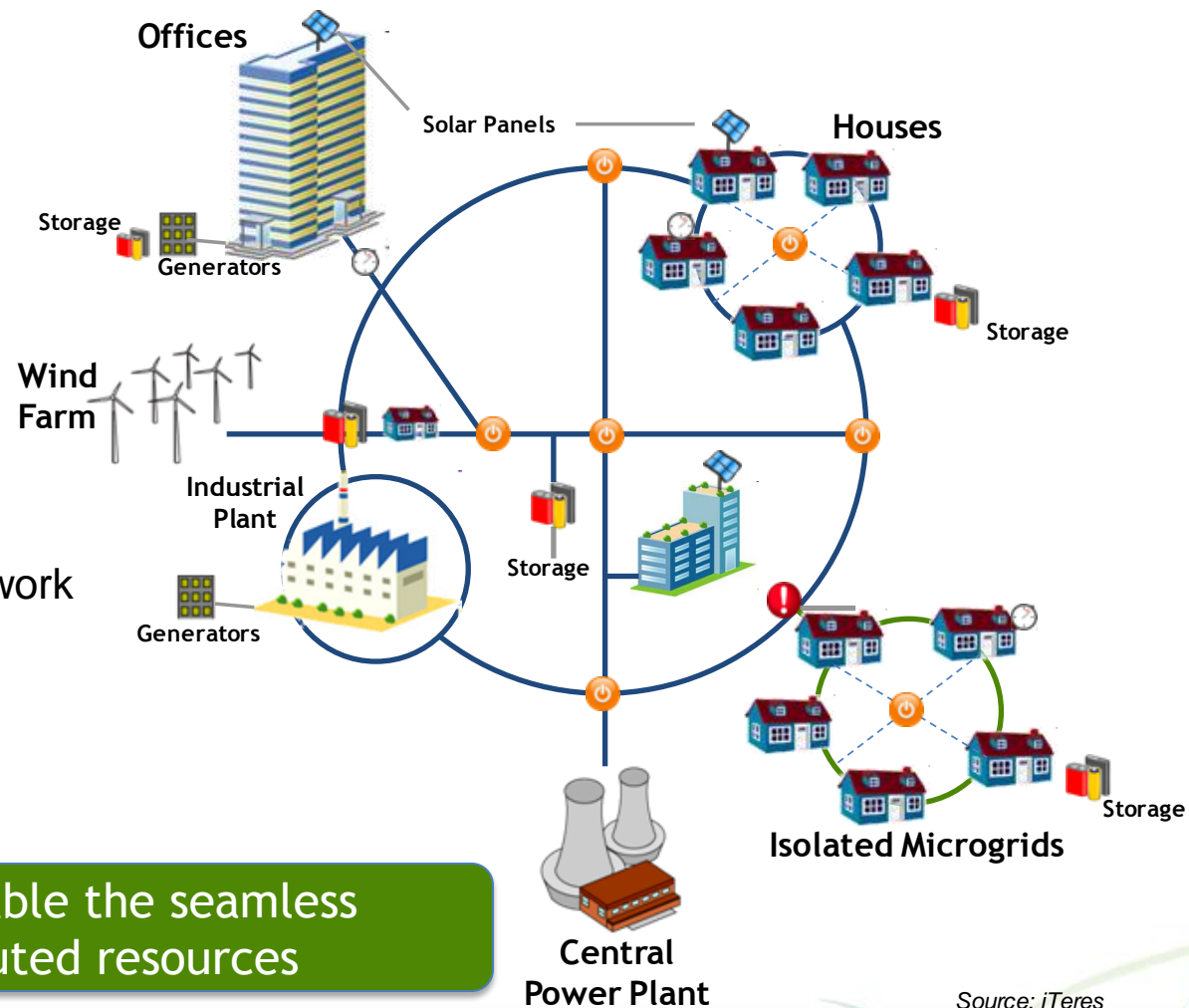
Global proliferation of distributed energy resources:

- Distributed generation
- Distributed storage
- Controllable load

Clusters of these distributed resources organized in microgrids

The Power Grid becomes a network of microgrids capable of:

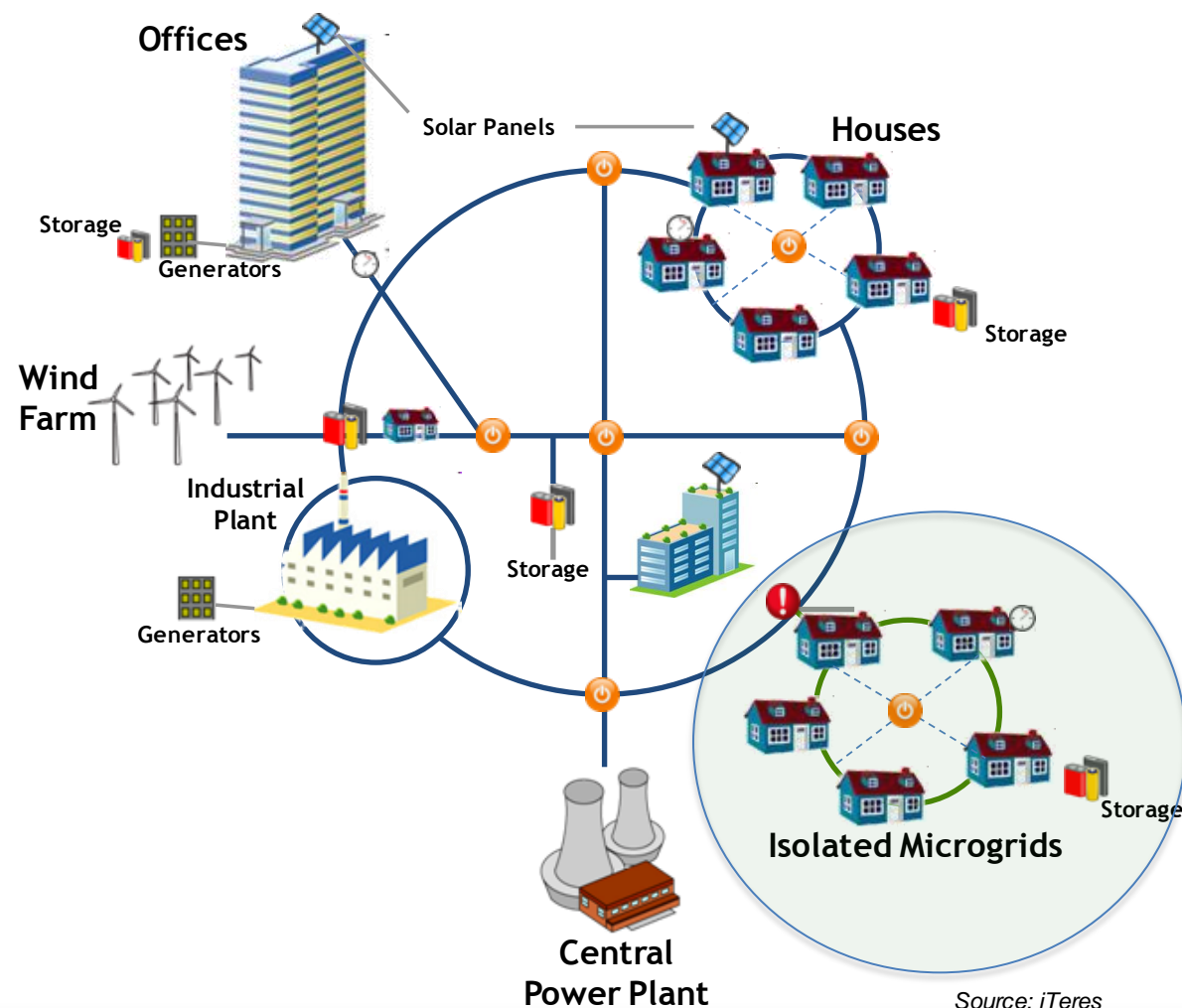
- Self-healing
- Self-coordination
- Self-scheduling



Viridity's vision is to enable the seamless integration of distributed resources

Dynamically controllable load will transform power distribution, enabling new levels of system reliability and efficiency

Focus on: Distributed Intelligence



Source: iTeres

Self-healing

- Responds to system disturbances automatically
- Capable of operating as an “island” off of the regional grid

Self-coordination

- Coordinates real-time demands of energy users, distributed resources, microgrid operations and distribution system integrity

Self-scheduling

- Schedules dispatch of distributed energy resources using decisioning tools to optimize overall grid operational performance

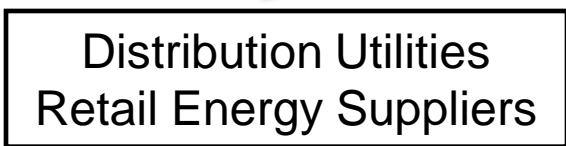
U.S. Organized Electricity Markets - with Demand Response



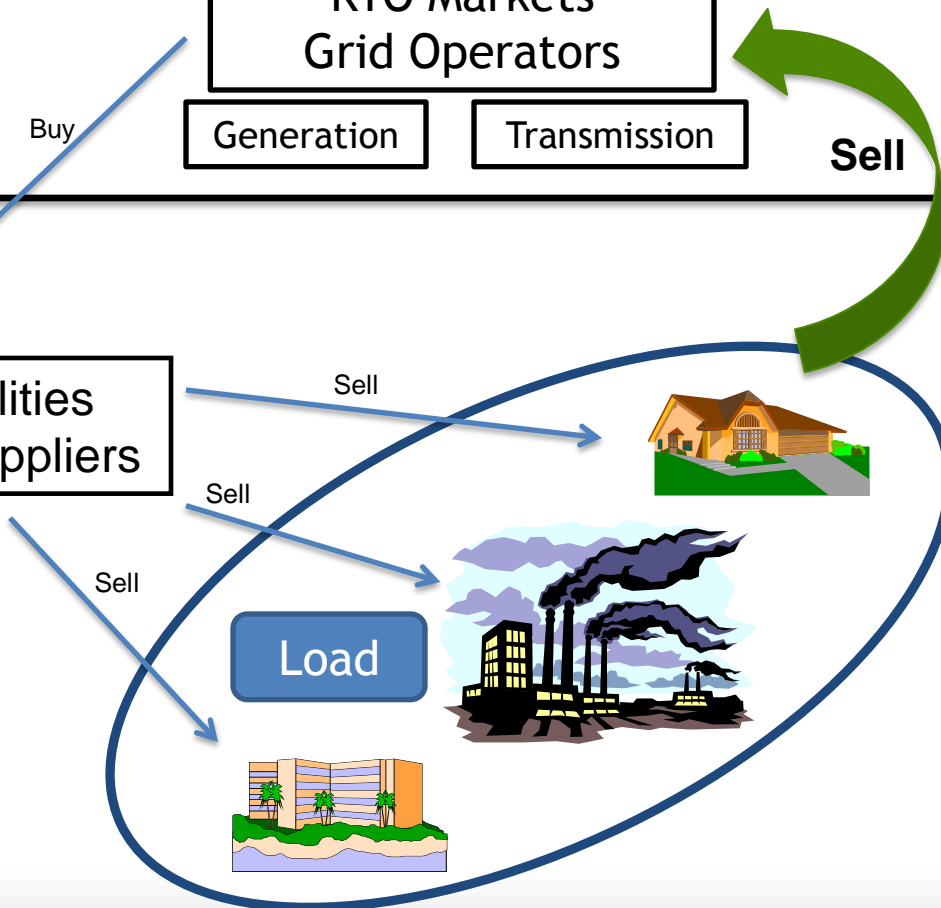
Financial Markets
Regulatory agencies: SEC, CFTC



Wholesale Physical Markets
Regulatory agency: FERC



Retail Markets
Regulatory agencies: states



Estimated Market Potential



The demand response [/ smart grid 2.0] industry is expected to exceed \$8 billion by 2015

- Over 80% of Regional Transmission Operators (“RTOs”) in North America are currently Demand Response-capable
- Demand Response today accounts for less than 1% of wholesale market revenues

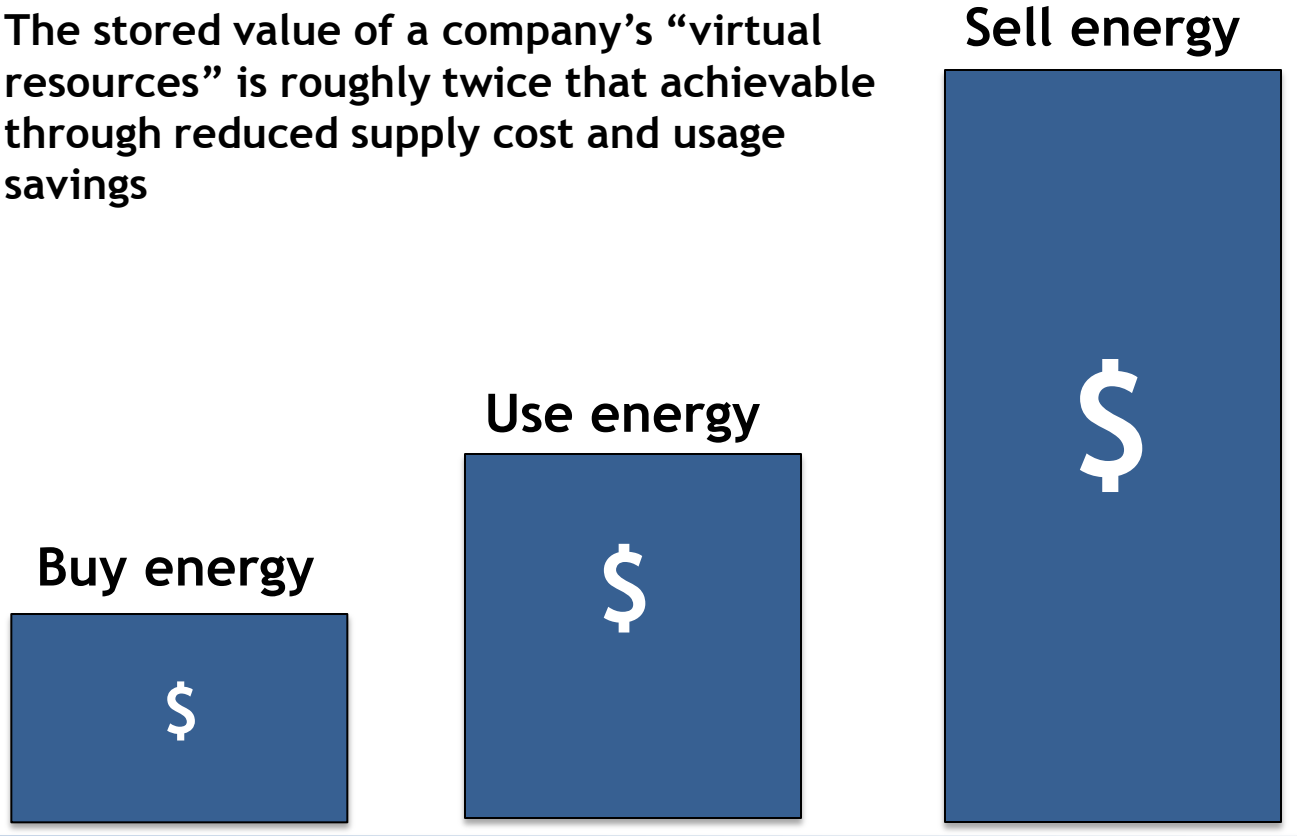
Estimated 2008 Wholesale Power Revenues <i>Source: ISO/RTO Council & PJM</i>	\$144 billion
63% of U.S. power use is C&I <i>Source: EIA</i>	\$91 billion
Estimated 2015 organized C&I power market <i>Source: 2009 FERC/Brattle report forecast of 1.7% CAGR</i>	\$102 billion
8% Demand Response Penetration by 2015 <i>Note: FERC/Brattle study predicts that “Achievable Participation” of robust Demand Response is 12% by 2015</i>	\$8.2 billion

Large energy users that obtain the full market value of their market participation will provide the growth market for distributed energy resources

\$



The stored value of a company's "virtual resources" is roughly twice that achievable through reduced supply cost and usage savings



Price Savings
Procure it at lowest possible cost

Usage Savings
Reduce or shift usage to maximize bill savings

Resource Revenue
Sell resources optimally to maximize revenue

RTO Administered Wholesale Markets Have 3 Products for Load to Participate

Capacity Market

- Call contract (Event)
- Virtual generation may be combination of actual generation and demand response

Energy Markets

- Day-Ahead or Real-Time (Hourly)
- Virtual generation compensated at marginal wholesale prices

Ancillary Markets

- Regulation (2 sec. signal)
- Synchronized Reserve (10 min)
- Reactive Support

Tradeable Instruments for Load Management Provides an Effective Hedge to Price Volatility and Uncertainty and will Increase Market Efficiency



□ Price Risk Management Example

Marketer A. has 50 MW 5x16 \$60 sell obligation in PJM Delmarva Zone for July 2011

40 MW covered with back to back with Generator A. at \$50 MWh

10 MW exposed to RTO RT Energy Market

➤ **Current Options to Manage Risk**

1. Secure all or part of the obligation in a back to back contract with a generator
2. Secure FTR's to hedge congestion exposure
3. Create hedge position on OTC market

➤ **Curtailment Service Provider (CSP) has 50 MW curtailable load in Delmarva over 4 hour period whenever clearing price in PJM is over \$50 MWh.**

1. CSP sells 10 Mw Option of a 5x4 with 2 hours notice to Marketer for \$60 MWh.
2. Option price is \$10 MW = \$100

Price Risk Management Example (cont'd)

July 11 2011 Prices in
Delmarva are projected to be
\$100 between hours 1-5 PM

1. Marketer has not hedged
10 MW exposure
2. Marketer exercises
option for 10 MW

CSP Receives - \$2400 plus
\$100 option.

Settlement for 1-5 PM with Curtailment Contract

Customer - Pays Marketer \$12,000 (60x50x4)
Value of Price Risk Hedge to Customer = \$8,000
\$20,000 (100x50x4) - \$12,000.

Marketer Receives - \$16,000 -
\$12,000 from Customer plus \$4,000 from CSP for
curtailment sale (\$100x10x4)

Marketer Pays -

1. Generator - \$8,000 (\$50 x 40 x 4)
2. CSP - \$2,400 (\$60x10x4)

Net Profit - \$5,600

Value of 10 MW Price Risk Hedge = \$1500 (Market
differential plus option payment)

Standard Elements for DR Contract



- ✓ RTO Price Zone
- ✓ Expressed in MW's x hours (i.e. 5x4, 5x 2 etc.)
- ✓ Standard notice time (Some load can respond very quickly)
- ✓ Standard liability, credit terms



Thank You.